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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

140th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE SUBSTITUTE NO. 1

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 250

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 3 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE: (Two-Thirds of all members elected to each house thereof concurring therein):

- Section 1. Amend Title 3 of the Delaware Code by adding a new chapter thereto, designated as 1
- Chapter 22, to read as follows: 2
- "Chapter 22. Nutrient Management. 3
- Subchapter I. General Provisions. 4
- § 2201. Declaration of purpose. 5
- The purposes of this chapter are: 6
- (1) To regulate those activities involving the generation and application of nutrients in order 7
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to help improve and maintain the quality of Delaware's ground and surface waters and to

9	meet or exceed federally mandated water quality standards, in the interest of the overall
10	public welfare;
11	(2) To establish a certification program that encourages the implementation of best
12	management practices in the generation, handling or land application of nutrients in
13	Delaware; and
14	(3) To establish a nutrient management planning program, and
15	(4) To formulate a systematic and economically viable nutrient management program which
16	will both maintain agricultural profitability and improve water quality in Delaware.
17	§ 2202. Definitions.
18	For the purposes of this chapter:
19	(1) 'Agricultural Commodity' means any agricultural product, including, but not limited to
20	plants and animals and plant and animal products, grown, raised or produced within the State
21	for use as food, feed, seed, or any aesthetic, industrial or chemurgic purpose.
22	(2) 'Animal unit' shall be as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture.
23	(3) 'Applicant' means any person seeking a certificate from the Commission.
24	(4) 'Best management practices' means those practices that have been identified as such by the
25	Commission.
26	(5) 'Certification' means the recognition by the DNMC that a person has met the qualification
27	standards as established by the DNMC and has been issued a written certificate authorizing
28	them to perform certain functions.
29	(6) 'Commercial processor' means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other
30	business unit that controls, through contracts, vertical integration, or other means, several
31	stages of production and marketing of any agricultural commodity.
32	(7) 'Commission' or 'DNMC' means the Delaware Nutrient Management Commission.
33	(8) 'Commissioner' means a member of the DNMC.

- (9) 'Critical area targets' means watersheds, sub-watersheds, or sectors where water quality
 conditions merit special attention and where resources should be directed and for which
 incentives should be provided.
- (10) 'Environmental coordinator' means an employee of the Department of Agriculture who acts
 on behalf of the commission, as a liaison between the commission and persons against whom
 a complaint for a violation of this chapter or commission regulation has been brought.
- 40 (11) 'Nutrient management plan' or 'plan' means a plan by a certified nutrient consultant to
 41 manage the amount, placement, timing, and application of nutrients in order to reduce
 42 nutrient loss or runoff and to maintain the productivity of soil when growing agricultural
 43 commodities and turfgrass.
- 44 (12) 'Nutrients' means nitrogen, nitrate, phosphorus, organic matter, and any other elements
 45 necessary for or helpful to plant growth.
- 46 (13) 'Person' means any individual, partnership, association, fiduciary, corporation or any
 47 organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.
- 48 (14) 'Program administrator' or 'NMPA' means the one, exempt employee of the Department of
 49 Agriculture who is responsible for the operation of the State Nutrient Management Program.
- (15) 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Delaware Department of Agriculture or his/her
 designee.
- (16) 'State nutrient management program' or 'SNMP' means all the program elements developed
 by the Commission including, but not limited to, establishing critical areas for targeting
 programs, establishing best management practices to reduce nutrient losses, developing
 educational and certification programs, nutrient management plan requirements, developing
 incentive programs that encourage compliance, making recommendations for transportation
 of nutrients and determining appropriate alternative uses.
- 58 Subchapter II. Delaware Nutrient Management Commission.
- 59 § 2220. Delaware Nutrient Management Commission; general powers and duties.

- (a) The Delaware Nutrient Management Commission is hereby established. The
 Commission shall have the power to develop, review, approve and enforce
 regulations governing the certification of individuals engaged in the business of land
 application of nutrients and the development of nutrient management plans as set
 forth in this Chapter. In addition, the Commission shall:
- 65 (1) consider the establishment of critical areas for targeting of other voluntary or
 66 regulatory programs;
- 67 (2) establish best management practices to reduce nutrient losses to the environment;
- 68 (3) develop educational and awareness programs designed to voluntarily curtail use of
 69 nutrients by persons not otherwise covered by this Chapter;
- (4) consider the development of a transportation and alternative use incentive program to
 move nutrients from areas with overabundance to areas needing nutrient sources;
- (5) make such other recommendations to the Secretary that it deems important for the
 furtherance of the goals of this Chapter; and
 - (6) establish the elements and general direction of the State Nutrient Management Program.
- (b) The Commission, in carrying out its duties under this Chapter, shall consider
 comments from affected stakeholders and others interested in the activities of the
 Commission, including, but not limited to, the University of Delaware and other state
 and federal agencies, non-profit groups and others with an interest in nutrient
 management. In addition, the Commission shall consider prior work of the
 Governor's Agricultural Industry Advisory Committee on Nutrient Management.
- (c) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Commission shall not hold any person or persons
 certified pursuant to this Chapter responsible for violations committed by another
 person.

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85 § 2221. Adoption of regulations; voting; considerations.

- (a) With the guidance, advice, and consent of the Commission, the Secretary shall, by
 July 1, 2000, develop and adopt regulations to implement this Chapter. A majority
 vote of the full Commission shall constitute consent for purposes of this subsection.
 Regulations shall be adopted in accordance with the provisions of the Delaware
 Administrative Procedures Act.
- (b) In developing regulations concerning nutrient management planning, the Secretary and the
 Commission shall consider any waste management planning requirements imposed on animal
 producers or nutrient users through their commercial processor and shall, to the maximum
 extent possible, strive to reduce any duplication in effort on the part of the contractor or
 property owner.
- 96 (c) The Commission may not approve any regulation and the Secretary may not promulgate any
 97 regulation that requires tilled lands to be converted for grass filter strips, vegetated and/or
 98 forested buffer strips along Delaware's lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, drainage ditches or any
 99 other natural or man-made conveyance system.
- § 2222. Composition; appointment; qualifications and term; compensation; vacancies; civil
 liability.
- (a) The Delaware Nutrient Management Commission shall consist of 15 voting members and 4 ex-officio members. The 15 voting members shall consist of the Director of the Division of Soil and Water Conservation of the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control or his/her designee, 4 members appointed by the Governor, 3 members appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and 2 members appointed by the Senate Minority Leader, and 3 members appointed by the Speaker of the House and 2 members appointed by the House Minority Leader.

(b) The 14 appointed members of the Commission shall be residents of the State of Delaware, shall
have participated in the industry or organization they represent for at least 5 years, and shall
consist of 7 full-time farmers (2 from New Castle County, 2 from Kent County, and 3 from
Sussex County), 1 commercial/agricultural nutrient applicator, 1 member of the commercial
nursery industry, 1 golf course/lawn care industry representative, 2 members from one or more
community based environmental advocacy groups, 1 Nutrient Consultant, and 1 public citizen.
The 7 full-time farmers shall further consist of:

- 116 (1) 1 dairy farmer;
- 117 (2) 1 swine producer;
- (3) 3 poultry farmers; and
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(4) 2 row-crop farmers (1 grain and 1 vegetable).

(c) The Governor shall appoint 1 farmer from Sussex County, the representatives from the commercial nursery industry, the golf course/lawn care industry, and the public citizen. The Senate shall appoint 3 farmers (1 from each county), the nutrient consultant and one member from a community based environmental group. The House shall appoint 3 farmers (1 from each County) the commercial applicator, and 1 member from a community based environmental advocacy group.

- (d) The Governor shall appoint the Chairman of the Commission from the 7 full time farmers whoseduty it will be to call, adjourn, and preside over all Commission meetings.
- (e) The term of office of each appointed member of the Commission shall be 3 years from the 15th
 day of March in the year of his appointment and until his successor shall qualify.
- (f) Each appointed member of the Commission shall receive compensation of \$100.00 per meeting
 and shall be entitled to be paid his reasonable expenses for traveling to and from any meeting of
 the Commission on official business.
- (g) Vacancies in any appointed position on the Commission, for any reason other than the expiration
 of term of office, shall be filled by the previous appointing authority for the unexpired term of
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any Commissioner. In each year where there are five appointed positions available, the

Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, and the Minority Leader of the House shall each appoint one Commissioner to the Commission. In each year where there are four appointed positions available, the Governor shall appoint two Commissioners and the Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall each appoint one Commissioner to the Commission.

- (h) All appointed Commissioners shall remain eligible for reappointment upon the expiration of
 their term with the exception of the public citizen who may serve only one term, unless rendered
 ineligible for reappointment by the provisions of this Code or Commission regulations. The
 public citizen appointment shall be alternated between the three counties.
- (i) Any appointed member of the Commission who misses three consecutive meetings or is
 otherwise recommended for removal by the Commission, may be removed by the appointing
 authority.
- 148 (j) Appointed commissioners shall be appointed to their first terms in the following manner:
- 149 (1) 5 commissioners shall be appointed for a term of one year;

150 (2) 5 commissioners shall be appointed for a term of two years; and

151 (3) 4 commissioners shall be appointed for a term of three years.

152 (4) Thereafter, each appointed commissioner shall be appointed for a term of 3 years.

- (k) The Nutrient Management Program Administrator (NMPA) shall be a full time, exempt State
 position selected by the Commission and created within the Department of Agriculture who shall
 act as the administrator of, and be responsible for the operation of, the State Nutrient
 Management Program.
- (1) The 4 ex-officio members of the Commission shall include the Secretary of the Department of
 Agriculture, the Secretary of the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control,
- 159 the Secretary of the Department of Health and Social Services, or their respective designees, and
- 160 the Nutrient Management Program Administrator.
- 161 (m) In any civil action against the Commission, or any of its members, civil liability shall be
 - determined pursuant to the provisions of 10 Del. C. Ch. 40.

- 163 Subchapter III. State Nutrient Management Program.
- 164 § 2240. State Nutrient Management Program; powers and duties of the Commission.
- 165 The State Nutrient Management Program (SNMP) shall consist of:
- 166 (1) Certification of persons directly involved with the generation or application of nutrients
 167 within the State of Delaware as limited by sec. §2241
- 168 (2) The development of and implementation of best management practices designed to
 169 improve water quality, optimize nutrient use and maintain a profitable agricultural
 170 industry in the State;
- 171 (3) Educational programs through which applicants shall be instructed in the best
 172 management practices established by the Commission; and
- (4) A method developed by the Commission, and instituted prior to granting of any
 certificate, to evaluate an applicant's comprehension of the best management practices
 established by the Commission, and
- 176 (5) Any other program elements instituted by the Commission.
- 177 § 2241. Requirement for certification; classifications.
- (a) Beginning January 1, 2004, all persons who conduct the following activities shall be duly certified by
- the Commission in accordance with Commission regulations or shall utilize a duly certified person or
- 180 firm:
- 181 (1) operate any animal feeding operation in excess of eight animal units, or
- 182 (2) apply nutrients to lands in excess of 10 acres or waters as a component of a commercial venture or
- 183 lands that he or she owns, leases, or otherwise controls; or
- 184 (3) advise or consult with persons required by this chapter to be certified by the Commission.
- (b) The Commission shall establish by regulation the following classifications for certification of
 nutrient handlers for use in the SNMP:
- 187 (1) Nutrient Generator: a person within the State of Delaware who operates a facility that
 188 produces organic or inorganic nutrients;

- 189 (2) Private Nutrient Handler: A person in this State who applies organic or inorganic
 190 nutrients to lands or waters he or she owns, leases, or otherwise controls;
- (3) Commercial Nutrient Handler: A person in this State who applies organic or
 inorganic nutrients to lands or waters as a component of a commercial or agricultural
 business in exchange for a fee or service charge.
- (4) Nutrient Consultant: A person in this State who is engaged in the activities of
 advising or consulting regarding the formulation, application, or scheduling of
 organic or inorganic nutrients within the State of Delaware.
- 197 (c) The Commission may subclassify any certificates described in subsection (b) of this
 198 section as necessary. Separate subclassifications may be specified as to the method used by
 199 nutrient handlers to apply nutrients, the use of specific quantities or types of nutrients, or any
 200 other identifiable characteristics of nutrient management the Commission deems necessary.
- 201 (d) These certification requirements shall not apply to individuals who are performing 202 nutrient application services under the direct supervision of a certified person as a private or 203 commercial nutrient handler.
- ²⁰⁴ § 2242. Certification; applications.
- (a) Applications for certification shall be made to the Commission in writing on a form designatedby the Commission.
- (b) The Commission shall develop and approve minimum criteria for certification which shall beincluded in Regulations promulgated by the Secretary.
- 209 (c) The Commission may establish by regulation a yearly fee for each certificate.
- (d) If the Commission finds the applicant qualified to handle nutrients in the classifications he has
 applied for, the Commission may issue a certificate limited to the classifications for which the
 applicant is qualified. The Commission may limit the certificate of the applicant based on any
 subclassification the Commission has established. If a certificate is not issued as applied for, the
 Commission shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons therefor.
- 215 § 2243. Same Denial.

- (a) The Commission may refuse to grant any certificate if the applicant fails to meet the
 minimum criteria for certification or has been found to have violated this chapter or
 Commission regulations related to the generation or application of nutrients in this State.
- (b) All decisions of the Commission relating to the denial of a certificate shall be final and
 conclusive unless the person who was denied a certificate shall appeal that denial pursuant to
 provisions of § 2262 of this Chapter.
- 222 § 2244. Same; Suspension, modification; revocation.
- 223 (a) The Commission may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, suspend or modify any 224 certificate granted under this chapter, or fine any person against whom a complaint has been 225 brought, or both, where the Commission has reasonable grounds to believe that the person against whom a complaint has been brought is responsible for any violations of this chapter 226 or Commission regulation. The Commission shall furnish the person accused of a violation 227 with notice of the time and place of hearing, which notice shall be served personally or by 228 229 registered mail directly to his place of business or last known address with postage fully paid 230 no sooner than 10 days, but within 21 days of the time fixed for the hearing.
- (b) The Commission may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, suspend, modify or revoke
 any certificate granted under this chapter if the person certified has been found guilty of any
 violation of this chapter or Commission regulations.
- (c) All decisions of the Commission relating to suspension, modification or revocation of a
 certificate shall be final and conclusive unless the person whose certificate was suspended,
 modified or revoked appeals according to the provisions of § 2263 of this Chapter.
- 237 § 2245. Same Renewal.
- (a) The Commission shall establish the length of time that certificates shall remain in full forceand effect, and if they are to expire, the procedure for renewal.
- 240 (b) All decisions of the Commission relating to the refusal of the Commission to renew a 241 certificate shall be final and conclusive unless the person whose certificate was not renewed

shall appeal pursuant to the provisions of § 2262 of this Chapter.

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- 243 § 2246. Commercial Processors.
- (a) On or before July 1, 2000, or prior to commencing operations, each commercial
 processor operating in the State shall file with the Commission a plan under which the
 commercial processor either directly or under contract with a third party shall:
- (1) provide, or assist in providing, technical assistance to growers with whom it contracts
 on the proper management and storage of waste in accordance with best management
 practices approved by the Commission;
- (2) provide, or assist in providing, continuing education programs on proper waste
 management that is protective of Delaware's environment for the growers with whom
 it contracts as well as other persons who may handle or utilize such waste;
- 253 (3) conduct or fund research and demonstration programs that will contribute to
 254 improved waste management practices;
- (4) formulate and implement nutrient reduction strategies that effectively minimize the
 addition of nutrients to the environment without having adverse health impacts on
 animals or reduction in the growth of animals; and
- (5) report annually to the commission on the activities it has undertaken pursuant to itsplan and any amendments thereto.
- (c) This section is not to be construed as a mandate to involve commercial processors in
 farm activities not related to waste management.
- 262 § 2247. Nutrient Management Plans.
- (a) All animal feeding operations with greater than 8 animal units or any person who
 owns, leases or otherwise controls property in excess of 10 acres upon which
 nutrients are applied, shall develop and implement a nutrient management plan in
 accordance with the schedule outlined in this section. All Nutrient Management
 Plans shall include, but not be limited to:

268 (1) field maps showing reference points (such as buildings, stream, irrigation equipment,

etc.) number of acres and soil types;

270 (2) soil and organic waste analyses;

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- 271 (3) current and planned crop rotations;
- (4) expected yields based on best 4 out of 7 year data or, in the absence thereof, soil
 productivity charts; and
 - (5) recommended rates, timing and methods of nutrient applications.
- (b) Nutrient management plans shall specify the level of nutrient applications that are needed to
 attain expected crop yields as defined in (a)(4) above. Applications of phosphorus to high
 phosphorous soils cannot exceed a 3 year crop removal rate. Nitrogen applications cannot
 exceed the expected yield, as defined in (a)(4) above of the specific crop.
- (c) All animal waste management plans, nutrient management plans and records of
 implementation shall be kept by the land owner or person responsible for the plans or records.
 Nutrient Management Plans and records of implementation shall not be considered as public records
 under the Freedom of Information Act and shall not be disclosed, except however that they shall be
 made available for inspection by the Delaware Department of Agriculture and the Commission.
 Records of implementation shall include:
- .
- 285 (1) Soil test results and recommended nutrient application rates,
- 286 (2) Quantities, analyses and sources of nutrients applied,
- 287 (3) dates and methods of nutrient applications,
- 288 (4) Crops planted, yields and crop residues removed, and
- (5) Certification statement, signed by the operator, to document the intention of Nutrient
 Management and/or Animal Waste Management Plan Implementation.
- (d) Nutrient Management Plans shall be updated a minimum of every three years or upon
 significant alterations in facility operations, or upon a 25% or greater increase in facility operations.
 Such Plans shall be reported to the Commission no later than December 15th of the year in which it
 must be updated.

(e) If a person implementing a Nutrient Management Plan intends to store manure, other than in

an approved manure storage structure or facility, such outdoor storage shall:

- 297 (1) be reflected in the persons Nutrient Management Plan;
- 298 (2) be at least 100 feet from any body of water or drainage ditch;
- (3) be at least 100 feet from any public road;
- 300 (4) be at least 200 feet from any residence that is not located on the person's301 property; and
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(5) be at least 6 feet high and in a conical shape.

(f) In situations where persons other than the land owner are responsible for nutrient
 applications, nutrient management plans as required in this section shall be the responsibility of the
 person actually managing the application of nutrients to that property.

306 (g) Upon completion and implementation of a nutrient management plan, the
 307 owner/operator/planner shall notify the Commission, within 60 days, of the completion of the plan.

(h) In the event of circumstances that are beyond the control of the person implementing a
 Nutrient Management Plan pursuant to this section, such person shall notify the Department of any
 actions he or she intends to take as a result of those circumstances.

(i) In the case of animal feeding operations where no other nutrients are used for farming and the animal waste is not land applied, the operator of the facility may substitute an animal waste management plan for a nutrient management plan. At a minimum, the animal waste management plan shall include:

- 315 (1) information concerning how the waste is stored prior to transport;
- 316 (2) records of where and to whom the animal waste was transported and the amount317 of such waste; and
- 318 (3) mortality disposal method.

(j) The State shall make nutrient consultants available through the Conservation
 Districts to provide free nutrient management plans assistance to anyone requesting such

assistance. For those persons wishing to hire private Nutrient Consultants, the State, through
 the Conservation Districts, shall reimburse any person establishing a Nutrient management
 Plan or updating an established Nutrient Management Plan at a rate and amount that shall be
 determined annually by the Commission and subject to annual appropriations.

325 (k) Municipal and industrial facilities discharging solid or liquid waste and permitted by 326 the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control under The Guidance and 327 Regulations Governing the Land Treatment of Wastes, shall be exempt from the provisions 328 of this Act. Provided, however that they provide the Commission with an annual report as 329 required by their land treatment permit.

330 §2250. Confined Animal Feeding Operations Subject to Clean Water Act Section 402 331 Requirements

(a) Section 301(a) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) establishes statutory requirements for
the discharge of pollutants from point sources to waters of the United States. Under
the CWA Section 502(14) and implementing regulations at 40 CFR Section 122.23
and 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix B, and "concentrated animal feeding operations" are
point sources subject to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
(NPDES) program. Generally, these regulations define a CAFO as an animal feeding
operation where more than 1000 animal units are confined at the facility.

(b) Within six months of the enactment of this Act the Secretary, in consultation with the
Commission and the Secretary of the Department of Natural Resources and
Environmental Control, shall prepare and submit for approval a State NPDES
program for Confined Animal Feeding Operations in accordance with 40 CFR Part
123.21 to the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

(c) In preparing the State's NPDES program submission for CAFOs, the Secretary shall
 rely to the maximum extent practicable on the authorities, requirements, and
 procedures established in this Act. The State NPDES Program submission shall
 include the following provisions in addition to those specified in this Act:

(1) Each person covered by this section shall develop a nutrient management plan 348 (NMP) which is signed and kept under their control. This NMP shall be 349 developed per §2247 and shall also include, as necessary, the following additional 350 site specific handling and storage considerations: diverting clean water from 351 contacting animal waste or litter; preventing storage, collection, and conveyance 352 systems from leaking organic matter, nutrients, and pathogens to ground or 353 surface water; providing adequate storage to prevent polluted runoff; handling 354 manure and litter to reduce nutrient losses: managing dead animals to protect 355 356 ground and surface waters; and tillage and crop residue management practices.

357 (2) The NMP shall be amended per §2247(d) or whenever there is any significant
358 change in the design, construction, or operation which has a significant effect on
359 the potential for the discharge of pollutants to State waters.

(3) NMPs developed under this Subsection shall be made available per 2247(c).

d) Upon approval of the State NPDES program for Confined Animal Feeding Operations, the Secretary shall give first priority to the issuance of statewide or watershed general permits for operations covered by subsection (a). With the guidance, advice and consent of the Commission, the Secretary may use individual NPDES permits for exceptionally large operations, new operations or those undergoing significant expansion, operations with historical compliance problems, or operations with significant environmental concerns.

- e) With the guidance, advice and consent of the Commission, the Secretary is hereby
 authorized to require any person otherwise covered by this Act to apply for and obtain
 an NPDES permit if that person:
- 371 (1) is in significant noncompliance with the provisions of the SNMP; and
- 372 (2) there is evidence indicating that person is a significant contributor of a373 pollutant to waters of the State.
- The Secretary shall notify a person in writing that an NPDES permit is required. Such notice shall include a brief statement of the reasons for the decision, an application form, a deadline for submission of the application and a statement regarding the effective date of coverage. A person's obligation to independently seek and secure an NPDES permit is not conditioned upon or qualified by the Secretary's duty to notify a person that an NPDES permit is required.
- 380 Subchapter IV. Complaints, Hearings and Appeals
- 381 § 2260. Complaints; investigations; enforcement.
- (a) The Commission shall establish by regulation a process whereby any person may file a
 complaint with the Commission against any person for a violation of any of the provisions of
 this chapter or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (b) The Commission shall establish by regulation the procedure for investigating any complaints
 brought before the Commission and the manner in which those complaints shall be resolved.
- 387 (c) The Commission shall, when requested, keep confidential the names of complainants, and388 shall not investigate or respond to anonymous complaints.
- 389 § 2261. Hearings; procedural requirements.
- (a) The Commission shall examine all complaints meeting the criteria of §2260(a) brought
 before it for violations of this chapter or Commission regulations within 60 days of receipt of

392	the complaint. The Commission shall conduct a hearing on any matter that on its face
393	presents a colorable claim that a violation has occurred.
394	(b) Hearings on violations shall be held within 120 days of the date the Commission received a
395	complaint and shall be conducted in the county in which the alleged violation occurred.
396	(c) The Commission shall send 10 days notice of any hearing to all named parties together with a
397	recital of the complaint or issue brought before the Commission. Such notice shall be sent
398	via certified mail and it shall be sufficient to send such notice to the attorneys of those who
399	are represented by counsel.
400	(d) All hearings shall be conducted by the Commission. A record of each shall be kept by the
401	Commission and shall include:
402	(1) A recitation of the evidence before the Commission;
403	(2) the Commission's findings of fact;
404	(3) the Commission's decision; and
405	(4) a brief statement of the reasons therefor.
406	(e) The Commission's decision shall recite:
407	(1) the manner in which the Commission construed the law and applied it to the
408	facts;
409	(2) any remunerative action a violator must take, or has taken;
410	(3) any fine a violator must pay pursuant to Department regulations, and a reference
411	to the applicable regulations; and
412	(4) any revocation, suspension, or modification to any certificate that has occurred.
413	(f) The Commission shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses whose
414	testimony is related to the alleged violation under review and the production of
415	records related to the alleged violation under review by filing a praecipe for a
416	subpoena, through the Attorney General or a Deputy Attorney General, with the
417	Prothonotary of any county of this State, such a subpoena to be made by any sheriff

- 418 of the State; failure to obey said subpoena will be punishable according to the rules419 of the Superior Court.
- 420 (g) All decisions of the Commission pursuant to this subsection shall be final and conclusive
 421 unless a party to such hearing shall appeal pursuant to the provisions of § 2263 of this
 422 Chapter.
- 423 § 2262. Certification Appeals.

(a) All decisions of the Commission pursuant to § 2243 or § 2245 of this Chapter shall be
final and conclusive unless within 15 days after notice thereof, the person who was
denied a certificate, or whose certificate was not renewed, shall appeal to the
Commission for a hearing on the matter. The Commission shall hold a hearing within
60 days of receipt of the appeal and develop a record on the case upon which they
shall base their decision on the appeal. The Commission may uphold, modify or
reverse their decision to issue or renew the certificate.

431 §2263 Appeals to the Secretary.

(a) All decisions of the Commission pursuant to this Chapter shall be final and 432 conclusive unless within 15 days after notice thereof, the Secretary receives an appeal for a 433 review of any Commission decision. Such appeal shall state the nature of the appeal, the 434 reasons therefor, and the remedy sought. The Secretary may uphold the action of the 435 Commission, remand the decision back to the Commission for further consideration, or repeal 436 the action of the Commission. The Secretary may appoint a hearing officer who shall hold a 437 hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act. The Secretary shall base his decision 438 solely on the record developed by the Commission at the hearing unless the Secretary finds that 439 additional evidence should be taken. If the Secretary finds that additional evidence should be 440 taken, the Secretary may take the additional evidence or remand the cause to the Commission for 441 442 completion of the record.

(b) All decisions of the Secretary on appeals brought pursuant to this section shall be final 443 444 and conclusive unless, within 10 days after notice thereof, a party appeals to the Superior Court of the county in which the violation occurred. In every appeal from a decision of the Secretary, 445 the cause shall be decided by the Court on the record, without aid of the jury; and may affirm, 446 reverse, or modify the Secretary's decision. The findings of fact made below shall not be set 447 aside unless the Court determines that the record contains no substantial evidence that would 448 reasonably support the findings. If the Court finds that additional evidence should be taken, the 449 Court may take the additional evidence or remand the cause to the Secretary for completion of 450 the record. If the Court finds that an error of law has been made, the Court shall reverse or 451 modify the Secretary's decision and render an appropriate judgement. 452

453 Subchapter V. Enforcement, Suits for Enforcement, and Incentives.

454 § 2280. Enforcement; fines and penalties

(a) Whoever violates this chapter or any rule or regulation duly promulgated thereunder, or
any condition of a certificate issued pursuant to this chapter or any order of the Secretary
issued pursuant to this Chapter, shall be subject to the following fines and penalties, as
well as any other remedy, described elsewhere in this Chapter.

(1) If the violation is completed, by a civil penalty imposed by the Justice of 459 the Peace Court of not less than \$25 nor more than \$1,000 for each 460 violation. Each day of continued violation shall be considered as a 461 separate violation up to a limit of \$10,000. The Justice of the Peace Court 462 shall have jurisdiction of a violation in which a civil penalty is sought. In 463 setting penalty amounts under this section, consideration shall be given to 464 465 offsetting any economic benefit from noncompliance or any delayed or avoided costs to any person. Further, penalty assessments shall be 466 sufficient to deter recurrence of noncompliance. If there is a substantial 467 Page 19 of 24

LC : TJSIII : TJSIII 2771400135 likelihood that noncompliance will reoccur, the Commission may
recommend that the Secretary also seek a permanent or preliminary
injunction or temporary restraining order in the Court of Chancery. Civil
penalties imposed under this section may not be suspended.

- (2) In its discretion, the Commission may recommend that the Secretary 472 impose an administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each 473 violation. Prior to assessment of an administrative penalty, written notice 474 of the Secretary's proposal to impose such penalty shall be given to the 475 violator and the violator shall have 30 days from receipt of said notice to 476 request a public hearing. Any public hearing, if requested, right of appeal 477 and judicial appeal shall be conducted pursuant to this chapter. 478 Assessment of an administrative penalty shall be determined by the nature. 479 480 circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation, or violations, ability of the violator to pay, any prior history of such violations, the degree of 481 culpability, economic benefit or savings (if any) resulting from the 482 violation and such other matters as justice may require. 483
- (b) Any expenses or civil administrative penalties collected by the Department of Agriculture
 under this chapter are hereby appropriated to the Department for use in assisting persons
 in achieving compliance or to demonstrate the application of research that may be of
 substantial benefit to many individuals seeking compliance with this chapter.
- 488 § 2281. Suits for Enforcement.

489 Any person may file suit in Chancery Court for injunctive relief against:

(a) Any person found pursuant to Section 2260 to have violated this Chapter or regulations
 promulgated thereunder;

- (b) The Department of Agriculture for any alleged failure to perform any act or duty
 mandated to the Department under this Chapter; or
- 494 (c) The Commission for any failure to perform any act or duty mandated to the Commission
 495 under this Chapter or for failure to enforce the Chapter or regulations promulgated
 496 thereunder.
- 497 § 2282. Protection From Enforcement.
- The Commission shall establish a list of best management practices for which funding is available 498 from the Department and/or other local, state or federal agencies. Should any person be required 499 under this Chapter or regulations promulgated hereunder to undertake any of the activities for 500 501 which funding is available and fail to receive funding due to insufficient funds available through those local, state or federal agencies, the Commission shall not begin any enforcement action 502 503 under §2280 of this Chapter until such funding becomes available. Provided, however that the owner-operator must accept the first available funding after a period of three years dated from 504 505 nutrient management plan acceptance.

506 Subchapter VI. Program Reports

507 § 2290. Annual reports.

(a) The Commission shall prepare and submit an annual report of its activities and 508 the environmental results that have accrued during the previous year for the Governor 509 and the General Assembly by the first day of April each year. Each annual report shall 510 include: specific recommendations for incentives to promote best management practices 511 512 within the industry; a complete list and delineation of all critical areas identified jointly with the Secretary of the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control 513 that will be targeted for action and the reasons therefor; a listing of all nutrient 514 515 management training and education opportunities that were available in the State or within a reasonable travel distance and any records of participation in those events; and 516

517	best management practices implemented and the amount of acres under nutrient
518	management plans by watershed.
519	(c) Each person required to maintain a nutrient management plan or animal waste
520	management plan shall submit to the Commission, by March 1st of every calendar year,
521	on a form developed and supplied by the Commission, a report detailing, at a minimum,
522	the following:
523	(1) The amount of animal wastes applied to the land and the quantity of land it
524	was applied to;
525	(2) The amount of animal wastes transferred for alternative uses (if
526	applicable), and
527	(3) The amount of inorganic fertilizers applied to the land.
528	All reports submitted under this subsection, shall not be considered public records under
529	Delaware's Freedom Of Information Act and shall not be disclosed. Such data may
530	be used for data compilation."
531	Section 4. Within 6 months of enactment of this Act, the Department of Agriculture shall
532	develop a comprehensive list of entities and industries within this State who may be
533	required to become certified or required to develop nutrient management plans
534	pursuant to this Act and shall provide such list to the Commission.
535	Section 5. The Commission shall select, by a random method to be determined by the
536	Commission, those persons who shall report a Nutrient Management Plan to the
537	Commission in the years 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2007. Except those persons
538	already in possession of nutrient management plans which meet or exceed
539	Commission standards, one fifth (1/5) of these plans shall be reported by January 1,
540	2003, 1/5 by January 1, 2004, 1/5 by January 1, 2005, 1/5 by January 1, 2006, and 1/5

- 541 by January 1, 2007. Contingent upon adequate funding the Commission shall have 542 fully implemented the SNMP by the year 2007.
- 543 Section 6. Continuation of the SNMP is dependent upon continued adequate funding.
- 544 Section 7. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or 545 circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or 546 applications of this Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or 547 application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.
- 548 Section 8. This Act shall become effective upon the date of its enactment into law.

SYNOPSIS

With the goal and intention of improving water quality in the State of Delaware through the regulation of the generation and application of nutrients, this Act establishes the Delaware Nutrient Management Commission and directs it to establish a Statewide Nutrient Management Program. Pursuant to this Act, the Commission is empowered to promulgate regulations relating to certification of nutrient applicators and the development of nutrient management plans. The Commission is further empowered to enforce it's regulations, develop incentive based programs to achieve early and full compliance and report on its activities to the General Assembly on an annual basis.