

SPONSOR: Sen. Gay & Sen. Brown & Rep. Dorsey Walker

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Michael Smith

DELAWARE STATE SENATE 151st GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE BILL NO. 257

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 24 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO A MULTISTATE PROFESSIONAL COUNSELOR LICENSURE COMPACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1	Section 1. Amend 11tle 24 of the Delaware Code by creating a new Chapter 30A and by making deletions as
2	shown by strike through and insertions as shown by underline as follows:
3	Chapter 30A. Multistate Professional Counselor Licensure Compact.
4	§ 3001A. Purpose.
5	The purpose of this Compact is to facilitate interstate practice of Licensed Professional Counselors with the goal of
6	improving public access to Professional Counseling services. The practice of Professional Counseling occurs in the state
7	where the client is located at the time of the counseling services. The Compact preserves the regulatory authority of states
8	to protect public health and safety through the current system of state licensure. This Compact is designed to achieve the
9	following objectives:
10	(1) Increase public access to Professional Counseling services by providing for the mutual recognition of
11	other Member state licenses;
12	(2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety;
13	(3) Encourage the cooperation of Member states in regulating multistate practice for Licensed Professional
14	Counselors;
15	(4) Support spouses of relocating Active Duty Military personnel;
16	(5) Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and disciplinary information among Member states;
17	(6) Allow for the use of Telehealth technology to facilitate increased access to Professional Counseling
18	services;
19	(7) Support the uniformity of Professional Counseling licensure requirements throughout the states to promote
20	public safety and public health benefits;

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21	(8) Invest all Member states with the authority to hold a Licensed Professional Counselor accountable for
22	meeting all state practice laws in the state in which the client is located at the time care is rendered through the mutual
23	recognition of Member state licenses;
24	(9) Eliminate the necessity for licenses in multiple states; and
25	(10) Provide opportunities for interstate practice by Licensed Professional Counselors who meet uniform
26	licensure requirements.
27	§ 3002A. Definitions.
28	As used in this Compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions shall apply:
29	(1) "Active Duty Military" means full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States,
30	including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapters 1209 and
31	<u>1211.</u>
32	(2) "Adverse Action" means any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a state's laws
33	which is imposed by a licensing board or other authority against a Licensed Professional Counselor, including actions
34	against an individual's license or Privilege to Practice such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the
35	licensee, limitation on the licensee's practice, or any other Encumbrance on licensure affecting a Licensed Professional
36	Counselor's authorization to practice, including issuance of a cease and desist action.
37	(3) "Alternative Program" means a non-disciplinary monitoring or practice remediation process approved by a
38	Professional Counseling Licensing Board to address Impaired Practitioners.
39	(4) "Continuing Competence/Education" means a requirement, as a condition of license renewal, to provide
40	evidence of participation in, and/or completion of, educational and professional activities relevant to practice or area of
41	work.
42	(5) "Counseling Compact Commission" or "Commission" means the national administrative body whose
43	membership consists of all states that have enacted the Compact.
44	(6) "Current Significant Investigative Information" means:
45	a. Investigative Information that a Licensing Board, after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification
46	and an opportunity for the Licensed Professional Counselor to respond, if required by state law, has reason to
47	believe is not groundless and, if proved true, would indicate more than a minor infraction; or
48	b. Investigative Information that indicates that the Licensed Professional Counselor represents an
49	immediate threat to public health and safety regardless of whether the Licensed Professional Counselor has been
50	notified and had an opportunity to respond.

51	(7) "Data System" means a repository of information about Licensees, including, but not limited to,
52	continuing education, examination, licensure, investigative, Privilege to Practice and Adverse Action information.
53	(8) "Encumbered License" means a license in which an Adverse Action restricts the practice of licensed
54	Professional Counseling by the Licensee and said Adverse Action has been reported to the National Practitioners Data
55	Bank (NPDB).
56	(9) "Encumbrance" means a revocation or suspension of, or any limitation on, the full and unrestricted
57	practice of Licensed Professional Counseling by a Licensing Board.
58	(10) "Executive Committee" means a group of directors elected or appointed to act on behalf of, and within
59	the powers granted to them by, the Commission.
60	(11) "Home state" means the Member state that is the Licensee's primary state of residence.
61	(12) "Impaired Practitioner" means an individual who has a condition that may impair their ability to practice
62	as a Licensed Professional Counselor without some type of intervention and may include, but are not limited to,
63	alcohol and drug dependence, mental health impairment, and neurological or physical impairments.
64	(13) "Investigative Information" means information, records, and documents received or generated by a
65	Professional Counseling Licensing Board pursuant to an investigation.
66	(14) "Jurisprudence Requirement" if required by a Member state, means the assessment of an individual's
67	knowledge of the laws and Rules governing the practice of Professional Counseling in a state.
68	(15) "Licensed Professional Counselor" means a counselor licensed by a Member state, regardless of the title
69	used by that state, to independently assess, diagnose, and treat behavioral health conditions.
70	(16) "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an authorization from the state to practice as a
71	Licensed Professional Counselor.
72	(17) "Licensing Board" means the agency of a state, or equivalent, that is responsible for the licensing and
73	regulation of Licensed Professional Counselors.
74	(18) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the Compact.
75	(19) "Privilege to Practice" means a legal authorization, which is equivalent to a license, permitting the
76	practice of Professional Counseling in a Remote state.
77	(20) "Professional Counseling" means the assessment, diagnosis, and treatment of behavioral health
78	conditions by a Licensed Professional Counselor.
79	(21) "Remote State" means a Member state other than the Home state, where a Licensee is exercising or
80	seeking to exercise the Privilege to Practice.

81	(22) "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by the Commission that has the force of law.
82	(23) "Single state License" means a Licensed Professional Counselor license issued by a Member state that
83	authorizes practice only within the issuing state and does not include a Privilege to Practice in any other Member state.
84	(24) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or territory of the United States of America that
85	regulates the practice of Professional Counseling.
86	(25) "Telehealth" means the application of telecommunication technology to deliver Professional Counseling
87	services remotely to assess, diagnose, and treat behavioral health conditions.
88	(26) "Unencumbered License" means a license that authorizes a Licensed Professional Counselor to engage in
89	the full and unrestricted practice of Professional Counseling.
90	§ 3003A. State participation in the Compact.
91	(a) To participate in the Compact, a state must currently:
92	(1) License and regulate Licensed Professional Counselors;
93	(2) Require Licensees to pass a nationally recognized exam approved by the Commission;
94	(3) Require Licensees to have a 60 semester-hour (or 90 quarter-hour) master's degree in counseling or 60
95	semester-hours (or 90 quarter-hours) of graduate course work including the following topic areas:
96	a. Professional Counseling Orientation and Ethical Practice;
97	b. Social and Cultural Diversity;
98	c. Human Growth and Development;
99	d. Career Development;
100	e. Counseling and Helping Relationships;
101	f. Group Counseling and Group Work;
102	g. Diagnosis and Treatment; Assessment and Testing;
103	h. Research and Program Evaluation; and
104	i. Other areas as determined by the Commission.
105	(4) Require Licensees to complete a supervised postgraduate professional experience as defined by the
106	Commission;
107	(5) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about Licensees.
108	(b) A Member state shall:
109	(1) Participate fully in the Commission's Data System, including using the Commission's unique identifier as
110	defined in Rules;

111	(2) Notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms of the Compact and Rules, of any Adverse Action or
112	the availability of Investigative Information regarding a Licensee;
113	(3)a. Implement or utilize procedures for considering the criminal history records of applicants for an initial
114	Privilege to Practice. These procedures shall include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based
115	information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record information from the
116	Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining that state's criminal records;
117	b. A Member state must fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a time frame
118	established by rule, by receiving the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation record search and shall use the
119	results in making licensure decisions.
120	c. Communication between a Member state, the Commission and among Member states regarding the
121	verification of eligibility for licensure through the Compact shall not include any information received from the
122	Federal Bureau of Investigation relating to a federal criminal records check performed by a Member state under
123	Public Law 92-544.
124	(4) Comply with the Rules of the Commission;
125	(5) Require an applicant to obtain or retain a license in the Home state and meet the Home state's
126	qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure, as well as all other applicable state laws;
127	(6) Grant the Privilege to Practice to a Licensee holding a valid Unencumbered License in another Member
128	state in accordance with the terms of the Compact and Rules; and
129	(7) Provide for the attendance of the state's commissioner to the Counseling Compact Commission meetings.
130	(c) Member states may charge a fee for granting the Privilege to Practice.
131	(d) Individuals not residing in a Member state shall continue to be able to apply for a Member state's Single State
132	License as provided under the laws of each Member state. However, the Single State License granted to these individuals
133	shall not be recognized as granting a Privilege to Practice Professional Counseling in any other Member state.
134	(e) Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member state for the issuance of a
135	Single State License.
136	(f) A license issued to a Licensed Professional Counselor by a Home state to a resident in that state shall be
137	recognized by each Member state as authorizing a Licensed Professional Counselor to practice Professional Counseling,
138	under a Privilege to Practice, in each Member state.
139	§ 3004A. Privilege to Practice.
140	(a) To exercise the Privilege to Practice under the terms and provisions of the Compact, the Licensee shall:

141	(1) Hold a license in the Home state;
142	(2) Have a valid United States Social Security Number or National Practitioner Identifier;
143	(3) Be eligible for a Privilege to Practice in any Member state in accordance with subsections (d), (g), and (h)
144	of this section;
145	(4) Have not had any Encumbrance or restriction against any license or Privilege to Practice within the
146	previous 2 years;
147	(5) Notify the Commission that the Licensee is seeking the Privilege to Practice within a Remote state;
148	(6) Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the Privilege to Practice;
149	(7) Meet any Continuing Competence/Education requirements established by the Home state;
150	(8) Meet any Jurisprudence Requirements established by the Remote state in which the Licensee is seeking a
151	Privilege to Practice; and
152	(9) Report to the Commission any Adverse Action, Encumbrance, or restriction on license taken by any non-
153	Member state within 30 days from the date the action is taken.
154	(b) The Privilege to Practice is valid until the expiration date of the Home state license. The Licensee must comply
155	with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section to maintain the Privilege to Practice in the Remote state.
156	(c) A Licensee providing Professional Counseling in a Remote state under the Privilege to Practice shall adhere to
157	the laws and regulations of the Remote state.
158	(d) A Licensee providing Professional Counseling services in a Remote state is subject to that state's regulatory
159	authority. A Remote state may, in accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a Licensee's Privilege to
160	Practice in the Remote state for a specific period of time, impose fines, and/or take any other necessary actions to protect
161	the health and safety of its citizens. The Licensee may be ineligible for a Privilege to Practice in any Member state until the
162	specific time for removal has passed and all fines are paid.
163	(e) If a Home state license is encumbered, the Licensee shall lose the Privilege to Practice in any Remote state
164	until the following occur:
165	(1) The Home state license is no longer encumbered; and
166	(2) Have not had any Encumbrance or restriction against any license or Privilege to Practice within the
167	previous 2 years.
168	(f) Once an Encumbered License in the Home state is restored to good standing, the Licensee must meet the
169	requirements of subsection (a) of this section to obtain a Privilege to Practice in any Remote state.

170	(g) If a Licensee's Privilege to Practice in any Remote state is removed, the individual may lose the Privilege to
171	Practice in all other Remote states until the following occur:
172	(1) The specific period of time for which the Privilege to Practice was removed has ended;
173	(2) All fines have been paid; and
174	(3) Have not had any Encumbrance or restriction against any license or Privilege to Practice within the
175	previous 2 years.
176	(h) Once the requirements of subsection (g) of this section have been met, the Licensee must meet the
177	requirements in subsection (a) of this section to obtain a Privilege to Practice in a Remote state.
178	§ 3005A. Obtaining a new Home state license based on a Privilege to Practice.
179	(a) A Licensed Professional Counselor may hold a Home state license, which allows for a Privilege to Practice in
180	other Member states, in only one Member state at a time.
181	(b) If a Licensed Professional Counselor changes Primary state of Residence by moving between 2 Member states
182	(1) The Licensed Professional Counselor shall file an application for obtaining a new Home state license
183	based on a Privilege to Practice, pay all applicable fees, and notify the current and new Home state in accordance with
184	applicable Rules adopted by the Commission.
185	(2) Upon receipt of an application for obtaining a new Home state license by virtue of a Privilege to Practice,
186	the new Home state shall verify that the Licensed Professional Counselor meets the pertinent criteria outlined in §
187	3004A of this title via the Data System, without need for primary source verification except for:
188	a. A Federal Bureau of Investigation fingerprint based criminal background check if not previously
189	performed or updated pursuant to applicable rules adopted by the Commission in accordance with Public Law 92-
190	<u>544;</u>
191	b. Other criminal background check as required by the new Home state; and
192	c. Completion of any requisite Jurisprudence Requirements of the new Home state.
193	(3) The former Home state shall convert the former Home state license into a Privilege to Practice once the
194	new Home state has activated the new Home state license in accordance with applicable Rules adopted by the
195	Commission.
196	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, if the Licensed Professional Counselor cannot meet
197	the criteria in § 3004A of this title, the new Home state may apply its requirements for issuing a new Single state
198	License.

199	(5) The Licensed Professional Counselor shall pay all applicable fees to the new Home state in order to be
200	issued a new Home state license.
201	(c) If a Licensed Professional Counselor changes Primary state of Residence by moving from a Member state to a
202	non-Member state, or from a non-Member state to a Member state, the state criteria shall apply for issuance of a Single
203	state License in the new state.
204	(d) Nothing in this Compact shall interfere with a Licensee's ability to hold a Single state License in multiple
205	states, however for the purposes of this Compact, a Licensee shall have only one Home state license.
206	(e) Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member state for the issuance of a
207	Single state License.
208	§ 3006A. Active Duty Military personnel or their spouses.
209	Active Duty Military personnel, or their spouse, shall designate a Home state where the individual has a current
210	license in good standing. The individual may retain the Home state designation during the period the service member is on
211	active duty. Subsequent to designating a Home state, the individual shall only change their Home state through application
212	for licensure in the new state, or through the process outlined in § 3005A of this title.
213	§ 3007A. Compact Privilege to Practice Telehealth.
214	(a) Member states shall recognize the right of a Licensed Professional Counselor, licensed by a Home state in
215	accordance with § 3003A of this title and under Rules promulgated by the Commission, to practice Professional Counseling
216	in any Member state via Telehealth under a Privilege to Practice as provided in the Compact and Rules promulgated by the
217	Commission.
218	(b) A Licensee providing Professional Counseling services in a Remote state under the Privilege to Practice shall
219	adhere to the laws and regulations of the Remote state.
220	§ 3008A. Adverse Actions.
221	(a) In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a Remote state shall have the authority, in accordance
222	with existing state due process law, to:
223	(1) Take Adverse Action against a Licensed Professional Counselor's Privilege to Practice within that
224	Member state, and
225	(2) Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of
226	witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a Licensing Board in a Member state for the
227	attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another Member state shall be enforced in
228	the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable

229	to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses
230	mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state in which the witnesses or evidence are located.
231	(3) Only the Home state shall have the power to take Adverse Action against a Licensed Professional
232	Counselor's license issued by the Home state.
233	(b) For purposes of taking Adverse Action, the Home state shall give the same priority and effect to reported
234	conduct received from a Member state as it would if the conduct had occurred within the Home state. In so doing, the
235	Home state shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action.
236	(c) The Home state shall complete any pending investigations of a Licensed Professional Counselor who changes
237	primary state of residence during the course of the investigations. The Home state shall also have the authority to take
238	appropriate action and shall promptly report the conclusions of the investigations to the administrator of the Data System.
239	The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the new Home state of any
240	Adverse Actions.
241	(d) A Member state, if otherwise permitted by state law, may recover from the affected Licensed Professional
242	Counselor the costs of investigations and dispositions of cases resulting from any Adverse Action taken against that
243	<u>Licensed Professional Counselor.</u>
244	(e) A Member state may take Adverse Action based on the factual findings of the Remote state, provided that the
245	Member state follows its own procedures for taking the Adverse Action.
246	(f)(1) Joint investigations. In addition to the authority granted to a Member state by its respective Professional
247	Counseling practice act or other applicable state law, any Member state may participate with other Member states in joint
248	investigations of Licensees.
249	(2) Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint
250	or individual investigation initiated under the Compact.
251	(g) If Adverse Action is taken by the Home state against the license of a Licensed Professional Counselor, the
252	Licensed Professional Counselor's Privilege to Practice in all other Member states shall be deactivated until all
253	Encumbrances have been removed from the state license. All Home state disciplinary orders that impose Adverse Action
254	against the license of a Licensed Professional Counselor shall include a Statement that the Licensed Professional
255	Counselor's Privilege to Practice is deactivated in all Member states during the pendency of the order.
256	(h) If a Member state takes Adverse Action, it shall promptly notify the administrator of the Data System. The
257	administrator of the Data System shall promptly notify the Home state of any Adverse Actions by Remote states.

258	(i) Nothing in this Compact shall override a Member state's decision that participation in an Alternative Program
259	may be used in lieu of Adverse Action.
260	§ 3009A. Establishment of Counseling Compact Commission.
261	(a) The Compact Member states hereby create and establish a joint public agency known as the Counseling
262	Compact Commission:
263	(1) The Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact states.
264	(2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be brought solely and
265	exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the Commission is located. The
266	Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative
267	dispute resolution proceedings.
268	(3) Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
269	(b)(1) Membership, Voting, and Meetings. Each Member state shall have and be limited to 1 delegate selected by
270	that Member state's Licensing Board.
271	(2) The delegate shall be either:
272	a. A current member of the Licensing Board at the time of appointment, who is a Licensed Professional
273	Counselor or public member; or
274	b. An administrator of the Licensing Board.
275	(3) Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law of the state from which the
276	delegate is appointed.
277	(4) The Member state Licensing Board shall fill any vacancy occurring on the Commission within 60 days.
278	(5) Each delegate shall be entitled to 1 vote with regard to the promulgation of Rules and creation of bylaws
279	and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the Commission.
280	(6) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide
281	for delegates' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
282	(7) The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as
283	set forth in the bylaws.
284	(8) The Commission shall by Rule establish a term of office for delegates and may by Rule establish term
285	<u>limits.</u>
286	(c) The Commission shall have the following powers and duties:
287	(1) Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;

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288	(2) Establish bylaws;
289	(3) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;
290	(4) Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact and the bylaws;
291	(5) Promulgate Rules which shall be binding to the extent and in the manner provided for in the Compact;
292	(6) Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the Commission, provided that the
293	standing of any state Licensing Board to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;
294	(7) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
295	(8) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a
296	Member state;
297	(9) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals
298	appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel policies and
299	programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
300	(10) Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and
301	services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any
302	appearance of impropriety and/or conflict of interest;
303	(11) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any
304	property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety
305	(12) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real,
306	personal, or mixed;
307	(13) Establish a budget and make expenditures;
308	(14) Borrow money;
309	(15) Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of members, state regulators, state
310	legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such other interested persons as may be
311	designated in this Compact and the bylaws;
312	(16) Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;
313	(17) Establish and elect an Executive Committee; and
314	(18) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact
315	consistent with the state regulation of Professional Counseling licensure and practice.
316	(d)(1) The Executive Committee. The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the
317	Commission according to the terms of this Compact.

318	(2) The Executive Committee shall be composed of up to 11 members:
319	a. Seven voting members who are elected by the Commission from the current membership of the
320	Commission; and
321	b. Up to 4 ex-officio, nonvoting members from 4 recognized national professional counselor
322	organizations.
323	c. The ex-officio members will be selected by their respective organizations.
324	(3) The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Committee as provided in bylaws.
325	(4) The Executive Committee shall meet at least annually.
326	(5) The Executive Committee shall have the following duties and responsibilities:
327	a. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the Rules or bylaws, changes to this Compact
328	legislation, fees paid by Compact Member states such as annual dues, and any Commission Compact fee charged
329	to Licensees for the Privilege to Practice;
330	b. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise;
331	c. Prepare and recommend the budget;
332	d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
333	e. Monitor Compact compliance of Member states and provide compliance reports to the Commission;
334	f. Establish additional committees as necessary; and
335	g. Other duties as provided in Rules or bylaws.
336	(e)(1) Meetings of the Commission. All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall
337	be given in the same manner as required under the Rulemaking provisions in § 3011A of this title.
338	(2) The Commission or the Executive Committee or other committees of the Commission may convene in a
339	closed, non-public meeting if the Commission or Executive Committee or other committees of the Commission must
340	discuss:
341	a. Non-compliance of a Member state with its obligations under the Compact;
342	b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices or procedures related to specific
343	employees or other matters related to the Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
344	c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
345	d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
346	e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
347	f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential;

348	g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted
349	invasion of personal privacy;
350	h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
351	i. Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of
352	the Commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of compliance
353	issues pursuant to the Compact; or
354	j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or Member state statute.
355	(3) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section, the
356	Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant
357	exempting provision.
358	(4) The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and
359	shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the
360	views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All
361	minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the
362	Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
363	(f)(1) Financing of the Commission. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable
364	expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
365	(2) The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations, and grants of money,
366	equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
367	(3) The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each Member state or impose fees on
368	other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Commission and its staff, which must be in a total
369	amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources.
370	The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Commission,
371	which shall promulgate a Rule binding upon all Member states.
372	(4) The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the
373	same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the Member states, except by and with the authority of the
374	Member state.
375	(5) The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and
376	disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws.
377	However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or

378	licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the
379	Commission.
380	(g)(1) Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification. The members, officers, executive director, employees
381	and representatives of the Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official
382	capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of
383	any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a
384	reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided
385	that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss,
386	injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
387	(2) The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee or representative of the
388	Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that
389	occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the
390	claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or
391	responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own
392	counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional
393	or willful or wanton misconduct.
394	(3) The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or
395	representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of
396	any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or
397	responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission
398	employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the
399	intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
400	§ 3010A. Data system.
401	(a) The Commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, operation, and utilization of a coordinated
402	database and reporting system containing licensure, Adverse Action, and Investigative Information on all licensed
403	individuals in Member states.
404	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a Member state shall submit a uniform data
405	set to the Data System on all individuals to whom this Compact is applicable as required by the Rules of the Commission,

(1) Identifying information;

including:

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408	(2) Licensure data;
409	(3) Adverse Actions against a license or Privilege to Practice;
410	(4) Non-confidential information related to Alternative Program participation;
411	(5) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason for such denial;
412	(6) Current Significant Investigative Information; and
413	(7) Other information that may facilitate the administration of this Compact, as determined by the Rules of the
414	Commission.
415	(c) Investigative Information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member state will only be available to other Member
416	states.
417	(d) The Commission shall promptly notify all Member states of any Adverse Action taken against a Licensee or ar
418	individual applying for a license. Adverse Action information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member state will be
419	available to any other Member state.
420	(e) Member states contributing information to the Data System may designate information that may not be shared
421	with the public without the express permission of the contributing state.
122	(f) Any information submitted to the Data System that is subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the
123	Member state contributing the information shall be removed from the Data System.
124	§ 3011A. Rulemaking.
125	(a) The Commission shall promulgate reasonable Rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purpose
426	of the Compact. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Commission exercises its Rulemaking authority in a
127	manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of the Compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by
428	the Commission shall be invalid and have no force or effect.
129	(b) The Commission shall exercise its Rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this section and the
430	Rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each Rule or
431	amendment.
432	(c) If a majority of the legislatures of the Member states rejects a Rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in
433	the same manner used to adopt the Compact within 4 years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such Rule shall have no
434	further force and effect in any Member state.
435	(d) Rules or amendments to the Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the Commission.
436	(e) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final Rule by the Commission, and at least 30 days in advance of the
137	meeting at which the Rule will be considered and voted upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:

438	(1) On the website of the Commission or other publicly accessible platform; and
439	(2) On the website of each Member state Professional Counseling Licensing Board or other publicly
440	accessible platform or the publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed Rules.
441	(f) The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
442	(1) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the Rule will be considered and voted upon
443	(2) The text of the proposed Rule or amendment and the reason for the proposed Rule;
444	(3) A request for comments on the proposed Rule from any interested person; and
445	(4) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Commission of their intention to attend
446	the public hearing and any written comments.
447	(g) Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the Commission shall allow persons to submit written data, facts,
448	opinions, and arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
449	(h) The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a Rule or amendment if a
450	hearing is requested by:
451	(1) At least 25 persons;
452	(2) A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
453	(3) An association having at least 25 members.
454	(i)(1) If a hearing is held on the proposed Rule or amendment, the Commission shall publish the place, time, and
455	date of the scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic means, the Commission shall publish the
456	mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.
457	(2) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the Commission or
458	other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than 5 business days
459	before the scheduled date of the hearing.
460	(3) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment a fair and
461	reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
462	(4) All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording will be made available on request.
463	(5) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each Rule. Rules may be
464	grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this section.
465	(j) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing
466	was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.

467	(k) If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the Commission may
468	proceed with promulgation of the proposed Rule without a public hearing.
469	(1) The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed Rule and shall
470	determine the effective date of the Rule, if any, based on the Rulemaking record and the full text of the Rule.
471	(m) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and adopt an emergency Rule
472	without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual Rulemaking procedures provided in the
473	Compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the Rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than
474	90 days after the effective date of the Rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency Rule is one that must be
475	adopted immediately in order to:
476	(1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
477	(2) Prevent a loss of Commission or Member state funds;
478	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative Rule that is established by federal law or Rule;
479	<u>or</u>
480	(4) Protect public health and safety.
481	(n) The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted
482	Rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical
483	errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to
484	challenge by any person for a period of 30 days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the
485	revision results in a material change to a Rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the chair of the
486	Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further
487	action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the Commission.
488	§ 3012A. Oversight, dispute resolution, and enforcement.
489	(a)(1) Oversight. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each Member state shall
490	enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The
491	provisions of this Compact and the Rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.
492	(2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact and the Rules in any judicial or administrative
493	proceeding in a Member state pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact which may affect the powers,
494	responsibilities, or actions of the Commission.

195	(3) The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding and shall have
196	standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Commission
197	shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, this Compact, or promulgated Rules.
198	(b) Default, technical assistance, and termination. If the Commission determines that a Member state has defaulted
199	in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated Rules, the Commission
500	<u>shall:</u>
501	(1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other Member states of the nature of the default, the
502	proposed means of curing the default and/or any other action to be taken by the Commission; and
503	(2) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
504	(c) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from the Compact upon an
505	affirmative vote of a majority of the Member states, and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact may
506	be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations
507	or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
508	(d) Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance
509	have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the
510	majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the Member states.
511	(e) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through
512	the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.
513	(f) The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been
514	terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the Commission and the defaulting state.
515	(g) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the
516	District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be
517	awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
518	(h)(1) Dispute resolution. Upon request by a Member state, the Commission shall attempt to resolve disputes
519	related to the Compact that arise among Member states and between member and non-Member states.
520	(2) The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for
521	disputes as appropriate.
522	(i)(1) Enforcement. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and
523	Rules of this Compact.

524	(2) By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the
525	District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices against a Member state in
526	default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its promulgated Rules and bylaws. The relief
527	sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing
528	member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
529	(3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue
530	any other remedies available under federal or state law.
531	§ 3013A. Date of implementation of the Counseling Compact Commission and associated rules, withdrawal, and
532	amendment.
533	(a) The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact statute is enacted into law in the tenth
534	Member state. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the
535	Commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of Rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise
36	Rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and administration of the Compact.
537	(b) Any state that joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial adoption of the Rules shall be subject
38	to the Rules as they exist on the date on which the Compact becomes law in that state. Any Rule that has been previously
39	adopted by the Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law in that state.
540	(c)(1) Any Member state may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.
541	(2) A Member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until 6 months after enactment of the repealing statute.
542	(3) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's Professional Counseling
543	Licensing Board to comply with the investigative and Adverse Action reporting requirements of this Act prior to the
544	effective date of withdrawal.
545	(d) Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any Professional Counseling
546	licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a Member state and a non-Member state that does not
547	conflict with the provisions of this Compact.
548	(e) This Compact may be amended by the Member states. No amendment to this Compact shall become effective
549	and binding upon any Member state until it is enacted into the laws of all Member states.
550	§ 3014A. Construction and severability.
551	This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this Compact
552	shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the
553	constitution of any Member state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or

554	circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Compact and the applicability thereof to any government,
555	agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of
556	any Member state, the Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining Member states and in full force and
557	effect as to the Member state affected as to all severable matters.
558	§ 3015A. Binding effect of Compact and other laws.
559	(a) A Licensee providing Professional Counseling services in a Remote state under the Privilege to Practice shall
560	adhere to the laws and regulations, including scope of practice, of the Remote state.
561	(b) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a Member state that is not inconsistent with the
562	Compact.
563	(c) Any laws in a Member state in conflict with the Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
564	(d) Any lawful actions of the Commission, including all Rules and bylaws properly promulgated by the
565	Commission, are binding upon the Member states.
566	(e) All permissible agreements between the Commission and the Member states are binding in accordance with
567	their terms.
568	(f) In the event any provision of the Compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any
569	Member state, the provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in
570	that Member state.
571	Section 2. This Act takes effect upon the enactment of the Multistate Professional Counselor Licensure Compact
572	by the tenth state. The Secretary of State shall provide notice published in the Register of Regulations that the Multistate
573	Professional Counselor Licensure Compact has been adopted by 10 states.

SYNOPSIS

This Act is an interstate compact called the Multistate Professional Counselor Licensure Compact, and it facilitates the interstate practice of licensed professional counseling. The Counseling Compact allows a counselor who is licensed in their home state and has not had any encumbrances on their license within the last 2 years to obtain the ability to practice counseling in other states participating in the Compact if the counselor satisfies the requirements, including completion of a criminal background check. A counselor must comply with the rules of any state in which they are practicing. Any state in which the counselor practices has the authority to remove the counselor's ability to practice in their state for a specific period of time, impose fines, and take other actions necessary to protect the health and safety of its citizens. If the counselor's home state license becomes encumbered, the counselor will lose the ability to practice interstate under the Compact until their home state license is no longer encumbered and at least 2 years have passed.

Additionally, the Compact establishes protections, including data sharing requirements between participating states to enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and disciplinary information among participating states. The Compact establishes a commission to administer the Compact, and establishes that each participating state will have one delegate that serves on the Commission. The Compact also has a special provision to make it easier for active duty military personnel or their spouses who are counselors to practice counseling despite frequent moves.

Counselors do not have to participate in the Compact to practice; counselors may choose to only apply for their state's license or to apply for licenses in other states without going through the Compact.

The Counseling Compact must be enacted in 10 states to become effective. As of March 26, 2022, the Counseling Compact has been enacted in 6 states. The Compact is pending in 16 other states.

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